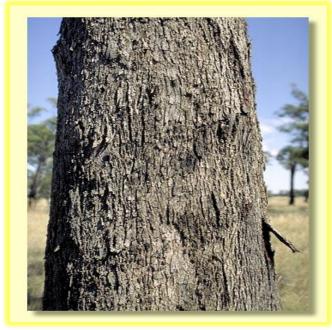
Eucalyptus macrocarpa

(Greek-micro-small; carpos-fruit)

Common name – Grey Box

Grey box is long-lived, single-stemmed spreading eucalypt. It grows from 8-25m high. Notice the grey fibrous rough bark on the trunk and larger branches. The upper branches, however are smooth and shed bark in strips.



The Grey box is easily identified by its bark
Grey box is the iconic tree of the Adelaide plains
Grassy Grey box Woodland being found in the Mount
Lofty Ranges and Heywood Park near Adelaide
CBD. It is typically associated with grassy woodland
and loamy soils and occurs naturally in QLD, NSW
and Vic.

Leaves

Juvenile growth (coppice or field seedlings to 50 cm) have rounded stems with the first few pairs of juvenile leaves starting opposite each other and then growing in alternate steps opposite each other.



Look at the **mature leaves**. They are thick and broad up to 120mm long, they have a grey green colour and the new growth has a fresh olive green look.



Flowers

Tight clusters of 4-7 barrel-shaped buds develop on the new growth. During December the diamond shaped buds mature reaching 8-12mm in length. It produces white flowers from late summer to early winter.





Ecology

The flowers of the grey box gum are a food source for gliders and possums as well as nectar eating birds such as rainbow lorikeets. Bees also love the nectar and the plentiful pollen from the clusters of white flowers.

Interesting Facts

The name "box" comes from the early European settlers because the timber reminded them of the hard interlocking timber of the European box trees (*Buxus sempervirens*).